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169.22 LEAVES OF ABSENCE

- (a) <u>Definitions</u>.
 - (1) <u>Absence</u>. The failure of an employee to report for work when the employee is scheduled to work.
 - (2) Approved absence. Approved absences are listed below:
 - A. Approved sick leave.
 - B. Bereavement.
 - C. County Emergency.
 - D. Disciplinary Suspension.
 - E. Election Judge Leave.
 - F. Family Medical Leave Act ("FMLA")/Americans with Disabilities Act
- ("ADA") related qualified/approved absences.
 - G. Court Leave.
 - H. Unpaid leave of absence.
 - I. Military Leave.
 - J. Paid/Unpaid Administrative Leave.
 - K. Personal Leave.
 - L. Vacations and Holidays.
 - M. Work related injury/illness.
 - N. Paid Parental Leave.
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(n.) Paid Parental Leave

(1) <u>Purpose</u>. Under the Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA), employees are entitled to twelve (12) weeks of parental leave for the birth or adoption of a child. However, often times the leave under FMLA is unpaid, which can result in a new parent taking an inadequate amount of leave to care for the newborn or newly adopted child. Paid Parental Leave is intended to provide an opportunity for County of Summit employees to take up to a maximum of six (6) calendar weeks of continuous paid leave to provide necessary parental care immediately following the birth or adoption of a minor child.

(2) <u>Eligibility</u>. To be eligible for benefits under Paid Parental Leave, an employee shall:

- A. <u>Have been employed by the County of Summit for at least twelve (12) months;</u>
- B. <u>Have worked at least 1,250 hours over the previous twelve (12) months period</u> immediately preceding the date when the requested leave would begin;
- C. <u>Be the biological parent of a newly born child or legal guardian of a newly adopted</u> <u>child;</u>
- D. Reside in the same residence as the newly born biological child or adopted child;
- E. <u>Be required to provide documentation of the date of birth or adoption, as well as</u> documentation of the parentage or adoption of the child;

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- F. Submit the request to the appointing authority on the appropriate form at least thirty (30) days prior to the requested time off for foreseeable leave or as much notice as is practicable under the circumstances for unforeseeable leave.
- G. Any employee who provides false or misleading information on the appropriate form under subsection, F, above, or who fails to submit the appropriate form under subsection F, above, or the documentation under subsection D, above, or who is otherwise provides false or misleading information as to subsections, C, or D, above, shall be subject to discipline, up to and including termination.

(3) Duration of Leave. An employee who is eligible for Paid Parental Leave pursuant to subsection (3), above, may take Paid Parental Leave for all hours of work during the six (6) calendar weeks commencing with, and immediately following, the effective date and triggering event, as set forth in subsection (4), below. Under no circumstances shall Paid Parental Leave be taken beyond six (6) calendar weeks from the exact date of birth or placement of a child for adoption. There shall be no intermittent Paid Parental Leave.

(4) Effective Date and Triggering Event. Eligibility for taking Parental Leave shall begin on the exact date of the birth of an employee's child or on the exact day on which custody is taken by the employee for an adoption placement. If an employee adopts multiple children, the Paid Parental Leave triggering event shall be considered a single qualifying event, and will not serve to increase the length of leave for the employee, so long as the children are adopted within six weeks of each other. If an employee is the parent of more than one child born at the same time, the Paid Parental Leave triggering event shall be considered a single qualifying event and will not serve to increase the length of leave for the employee.

(5) <u>Other Employee Benefits</u>. Employees will remain eligible to receive all employee provided paid benefits and continue to accrue all other forms of paid leave. The employee will receive all forms of paid leave, regardless of the pay status during the period of Parental Leave.

(6) Overtime/Holiday Pay/Outside Employment. Employees are ineligible for overtime pay during the period of time they are receiving Paid Parental Leave. An employee shall continue to receive their holiday pay, if they are receiving their full pay during the Paid Parental Leave period, and if they comply with all other policy or contractual provisions to receive holiday pay. Employees are ineligible to hold outside employment during the period of Parental Leave. Any employee found to be holding outside employment during paid parental leave shall be subject to discipline up to and including termination. Any holiday pay received by an employee for any work day during the six (6) week calendar week period of Paid Parental Leave shall constitute the sole pay for the employee for those hours worked and shall not be in addition to the employee's Paid Parental Leave. Additionally, the occurrence of any holiday during

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the six (6) calendar weeks of Paid Parental Leave shall not extend the time period for Paid Parental Leave.

(7) <u>FMLA/Paid Time Off.</u> Paid Parental Leave shall run concurrently with Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) Leave, and employees using Paid Parental Leave who meet the eligibility requirements of the FMLA shall have the entire non-working period of Parental Leave counted towards the employee's FMLA entitlement. Upon the exhaustion of the Paid Parental Leave Benefit, section 169.22(j)(7) will take effect requiring accrued leave time be used. Paid Parental Leave does not supersede or replace an employee's rights under FMLA.

(8) Death of an Unborn or Newborn Child. An employee who would otherwise be eligible for Paid Parental Leave pursuant to subsection (2), above, whose child is stillborn or dies during the third trimester of pregnancy is eligible for three (3) calendar weeks of Paid Parental Leave following the date of death of the unborn or stillborn child. In the event that a newly born or adopted child dies during the period of time that the employee is on Paid Parental Leave, the employee shall be entitled to the full extent of the Paid Parental Leave permitted under subsection (3), above, and the Paid Parental Leave shall not terminate due to the death of the child. All other provisions of Subsection 169.22(n) shall apply to Paid Parental Leave granted pursuant to this subsection (8).